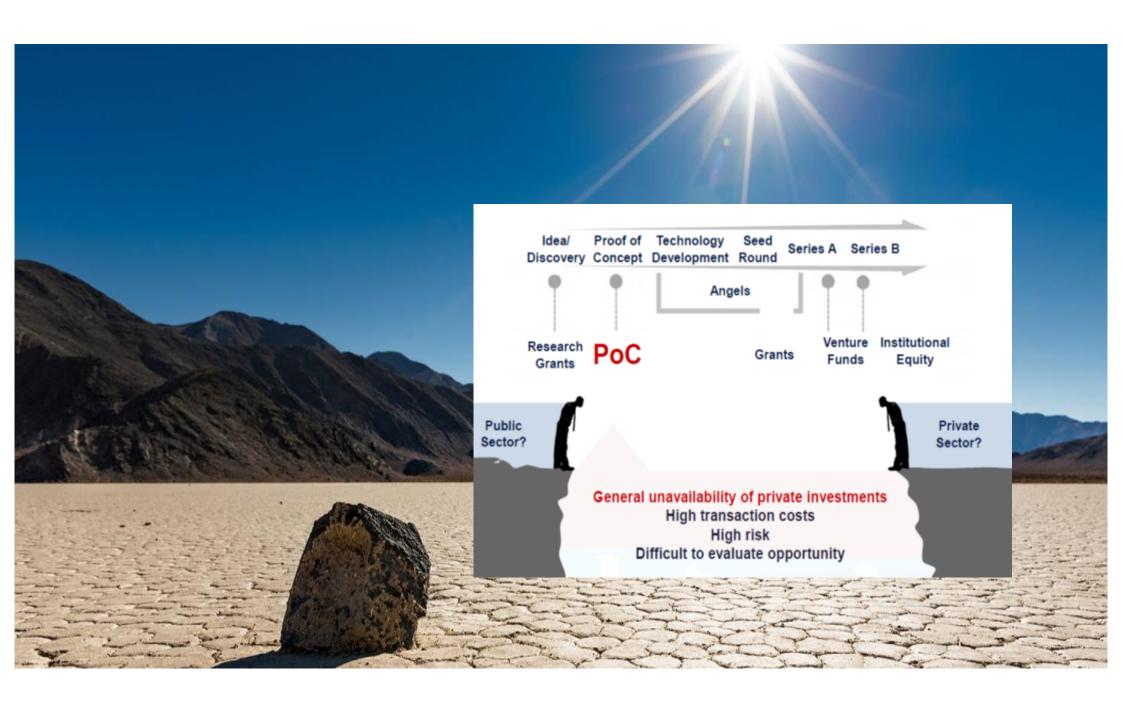
Introducing the Competence Centre on Technology Transfer

Netval summer school, 11 September 2020

Giancarlo Caratti, Head of Unit,
Intellectual Property and Technology Transfer
European Commission, DG Joint Research Centre

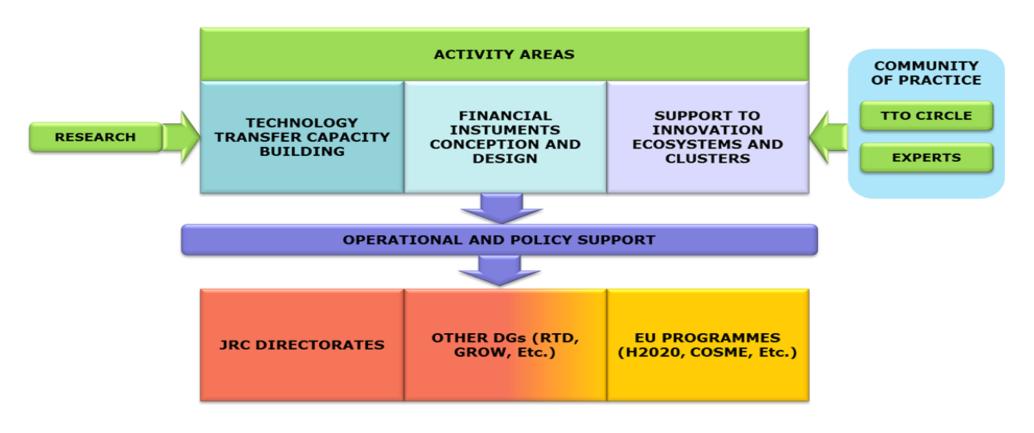




Competence Centre for Technology Transfer

- To create a single reference point for expertise on technology transfer at the EC
- Support the entire EU policy cycle, from the upstream concept stage to the downstream implementation phase.
- To deepen understanding and knowledge of technology transfer through research and aggregation of results and best practices

Competence Centre for Technology Transfer





The smart specialisation

THE SMART SPECIALISATION PLATFORM

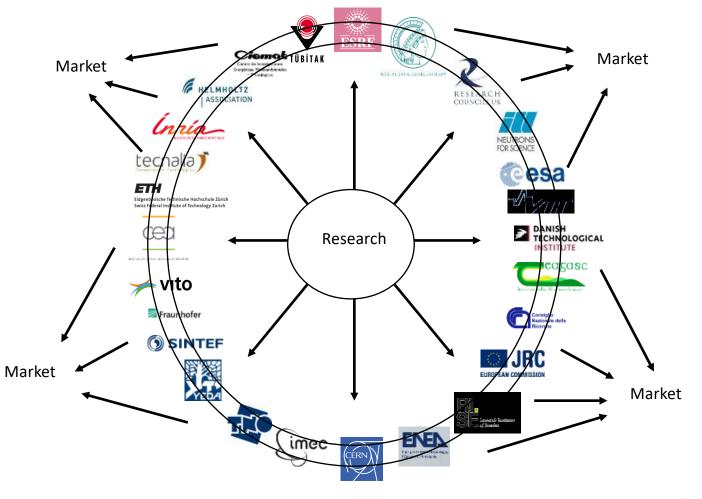




implementation tool of Smart Specialisations



30+ Public Research
Organizations
200.000 staff
35.000 patents
4.200 Startups
5.200 software





Supporting EC DGs/MS with Expertise and Competences

- RTD Conception and ex-ante evaluation of InnovFin TT
- DG NEAR Coordination of TT related capacity building measure in the Western Balkans
- DG NEAR Regional proof of concept support scheme for the Western Balkans
- DG REGIO Assessment and recommendations on improving operational performance of Sofia Tech Park
- DG REGIO Strategic Evaluation of Bulgarian Centres of Competence and Centres of Excellence
- DGs RTD/NEAR Benchmarking study of TT ecosystems in 12 neighbourhood countries
- DG COMP Study on the application of the state-aid regulation to RDI organisations
- Slovakia/DG REGIO evaluation study on STP project in Kosice



Studies

- IP collateralisation and securitisation (2016)
- PPPs in Science and Technology Parks and Innovation Districts (Q1 2020)
- Corporate Venturing (Q1 2020)
- Technology Transfer Metrics (Q1 2020)
- Innovative investment models for sustainable and inclusive urban innovation ecosystems (Q4 2020)
- Technology Transfer Metrics II (Q4 2020)
- TT Knowledge Management (2021)
- China Flagship Report II (Chapter on IP and TT)



Covid-19 related support

- Together with DGs GROW, RTD and SANTE and SECGEN possibilities for creation of a patent pool for Covi-19 related technologies. In collaboration with UN Medicines Patent Pool
- Supporting DG GROW and Commission's Clearing House in relation to PCR test kits and reagents



EC-JRC & ASTP collaboration

European Expert Group on KT Metrics Harmonisation



Objective



- JRC Expert Group was set-up in partnership with ASTP to:
 - Identify a core set of harmonised metrics
 - Specify conditions and actions towards a Europeanwide collection of such indicators





Christophe Haunold



Petra Karanikic



Andrea Piccaluga

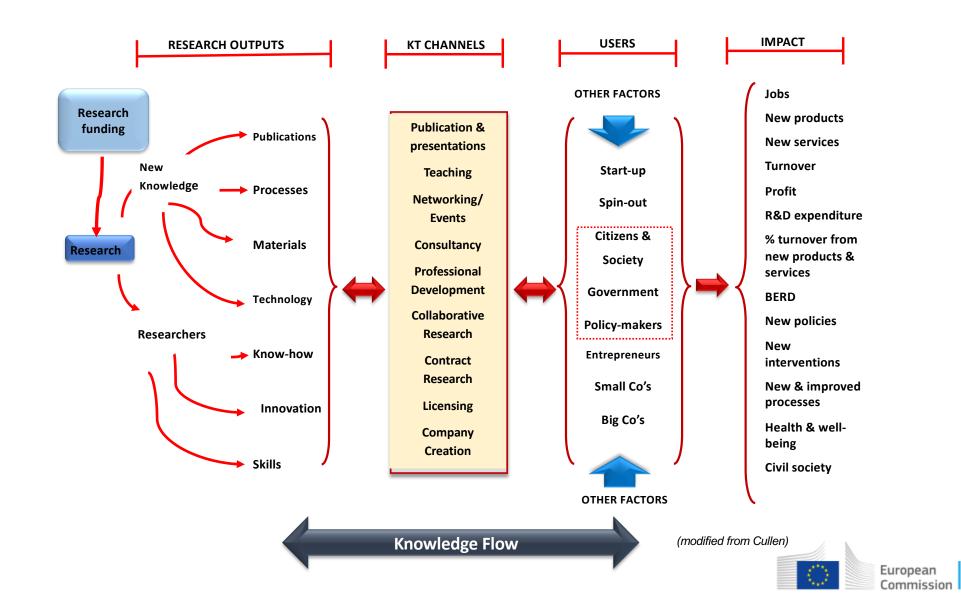


Cecile Cavalade (ASTP liaison)

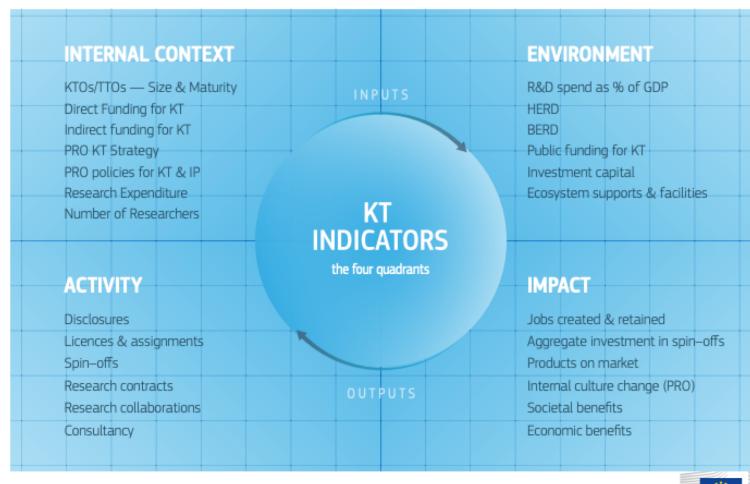


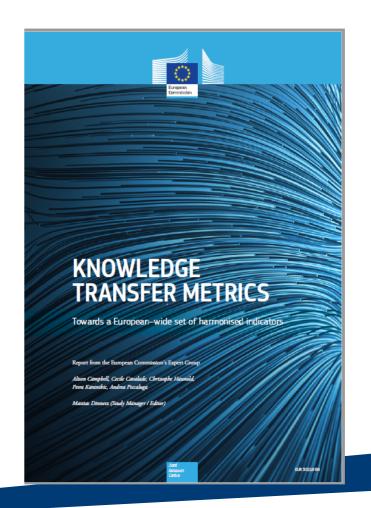
Alison Campbell (Chair)





KT Indicators: the four quadrants





10 recommendations

European Commission

https://publications.jrc.ec.europa.eu/repository/bitstream/JRC120716/kt metrics report.pdf

Recommendations 1-5

- 1. Indicators should span the range of KTT channels
- 2. Indicators should reflect both inputs and outputs
- Numbers alone are not sufficient to understand the outcomes from KTT
 - + evidence based case studies.
- 4. Harmonised indicators not a league table of good or bad performance
 - Use for tracking development and trajectory of KT
- A common set of definitions be adopted, as proposed in 2009 EU Report



Recommendations 6-10

- 6. New Expert Group on implementation of indicators Needs PRO senior leadership involvement
- 7. EC should explore a centralised approach for EU-wide KT data collection and reporting. Support, incentivise & manage through "KT credible" organization
- 8. EC should support creation and management of a central database
 Reports & data detail & anonymization
- 9. Governments & Ministries should encourage and incentivise their PROs/universities to engage, collect data and report on KT
- 10. EC should develop a common set of indicators across its KT and research funding programmes



Global findings and next steps

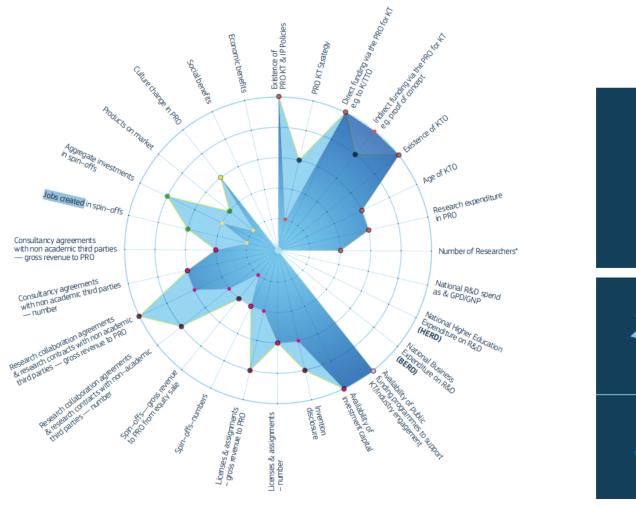


Common themes

- Output indicators cannot be assessed in isolation. Context matters
- Simple "benchmarking" of outputs is dangerous
- Indicators are a (welcome) tool and not an end in themselves
- Indicators must be meaningful to each country
- The search for a single indicator is neither helpful nor meaningful



Using indicators in practice





Commission

Next steps – JRC Expert Group follow-up study

- Dissemination
- Adoption
- Blueprint for data collection, analysis and reporting
- Develop Composite indicators /scoreboard
- Timeline June Dec 2020

